





राष्ट्रीय मूल्यांकन एवं प्रत्यायन परिषद विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग का स्वयत्त संस्थान

NATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND ACCREDITATION COUNCIL

An Autonomous Institution of the University Grants Commission

Certificate of Accreditation

The Executive Committee of the

National Assessment and Accreditation Council

on the recommendation of the duly appointed

Peer Jeam is pleased to declare the

North Maharashtra University

Umavinagar, Jalgaon, Maharashtra as

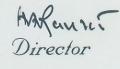
Accredited

with CGPA of 2.88 on four point scale

at B grade

Date: January 29, 2009









PEER TEAM REPORT

ON

INSTITUTIONAL ASESSMENT & REACCREDITATION

OF

NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON

(5th, 6th & 7th January, 2009)

National Assessment And Accreditation Council

P.O. Box No: 1075, Nagar Bhavi,

Banglore – 560072, India.



Section I: GENERAL	Information	
.1 Name & Address of the Institution:	NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAC P.B.No.80, Umavinagar, Jalgaon – 425 001 (Maharasht	
.2 Year of Establishment :	1990	
.3 Current Academic Activities at the Institution (Numbers): Faculties:	08	
Departments:	11	
Schools	05	
Programmes/ Courses offered	89	
Permanent Faculty Members:	95	
Permanent Support Staff:	408	
• Students	2276 UG – 727 PG Diploma-07 PG – 1351 M.Phil 76 Ph.D 115	
4. Three major features in the institutional ontext (As perceived by the Peer Team):	 Multi-faculty institution with interdisciplinary curves and academic ambience. University is seriously pursuing the cause of higher education. The campus environment is eco-friendly. 	er
5 Dates of visit of the Peer Team (A detailed visit schedule may be included as given below):	5 ^h , 6 th & 7 th January, 2009	
.6.Composition of the Peer Team which undertook the on- site visit:-	1. Prof. Chandrakant Kokate (Chairman) Vice-Chancellor KLE University JNMC Campus, Nehru Nagar Belgaum – 590010, Karnataka	
	 Prof. Jacob John Kattakayam (Member) Director, UGC-Academic Staff College & Dean, Faculty of Social Sciences, University of Kerala, Trivandrum-695581. 	

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3. Prof. T.N. Mathur (Member)

Professor, Department of Economics Administration and Financial Management, University of Rajasthan, Jaipur-302004.

4. Prof. S. Chandrashekar (Member)

Professor, Department of History Bangalore University, Jnanabharathi Bangalore – 560056.

5. Dr. R.G. Sonkawade (Member)

Senior Scientist, Inter University Accelerator Centre (Formerly Nuclear Science Centre), Aruna Asaf Ali marg, Post Box – 10502 New Delhi – 110 067

Dr. M.S. Shyamasundar,

Deputy Adviser, NAAC – Banglore.

NAAC Coordinating Officer:-

Section II: CRITERION WISE ANALYSIS

2.1 Curricular Aspects:

- 1.1 Curricular Design & Development:

2.1.2 Academic flexibility:

- 2.1.3 Feedback on Curriculum
- 2.1.4 Curriculum update

- Syllabus is revised once in five years.
- Interactive sessions held for curriculum development.
- Introduction of credit system in some courses.
- Limited academic flexibility is available.
- Time-frame flexibility for some courses.
- "Learning to Learn" module for slow and advance learners.
- Informal feed back from stakeholders.
- The process of feed back analysis yet to be consolidated.
- Majority of courses revised recently.
- Restructuring of Job-oriented courses has been initiated.
- University has potential to incorporate "ICT" component in curriculum.

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2.1.5	Best Practices in Curricular aspects (If any):	 MoU with Maharashtra knowledge Corporation Ltd. for e-Suvidha. School concept for interdisciplinary approach.
2.2 T	eaching- Learning & Evaluation:	
2.2.1	Admission Process and Student Profile:	 Wide publicity of admission process through local newspapers and website. Transparent and well-defined admission process. Admission through cut-off marks in qualifying examination.
2.2.2	Catering to the diverse needs:	 Continuous evaluation helps to identify both advanced and slow learners. Needs of differently abled-students are to be taken care properly.
2.2.3	Teaching-Learning Process:	 Predominantly lecture method of teaching. Audio-visual aids are available in most of the Departments. E-learning resources are being developed.
2.2.4	Teacher Quality:	 Teacher student ratio is fairly good i.e. 1:15. 61.5 percent teachers possess Ph.D. and 38.6 percent teachers have cleared NET/GATE/SLET exams. Good number of teachers attended refresher and orientation courses.
2.2.5	Evaluation Process and Reforms:	 Student's performance monitored through internal assessment. Examinations are held punctually. Academic audit by external experts to assess the academic performance is yet to be undertaken.

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2.2.6 Best Practices in Teaching-learning Results are declared within forty five days. and Evaluation (If any): Negligible number of malpractices in examinations. 2.3 Research, Consultancy & Extension: 2.3.1 Promotion of Research: Good amount of research funding from different agencies. Research environment in three Schools is good. Three Departments are with SAP and FIST assistance. Structuring of research committees yet to be formalized. 2.3.2 Research and Publications Output: Teaching assistantship provided to research scholars in Science faculty. Collaborative research activity limited to some science departments. Good number of teachers have published research papers in referred journals. 2.3.3 Consultancy: During last five years, University generated Rs. 17.21 lacs through consultancy. Paid consultancy is yet to be strengthened. Department of Adult and Continuing Education and 2.3.4 Extension Activities: various Extension Services organized outreach programmes. Some activities also organized by NSS Units of University campus.

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2.3.5 Collaborations:

Collaborations with local industries are in place.

faculty and for student internship.

Linkage mainly for curriculum development, exchange of

National and international linkages are yet to be strengthened.

2.3.6	Best Practices in Research, Consultancy and Extension (If any):	 Good number of publications in international journals. The number of projects completed is significant. Consultancy is yet to be streamlined.
2.4 In 2.4.1	Infrastructure and Learning Resources: Physical Facilities for Learning:	 The institution has 650 acres of land on the western banks of the river GIRNA. Required physical infrastructure and ambience exists. Computer and other necessary facility are available for all academic activities. Good out-door games facilities available. Each school/department has a separate Seminar Hall.
2.4.2	Maintenance of Infrastructure:	 Buildings are maintained by separately constituted Construction Department. There is sufficient budget allocation for maintenance. Computer Center acts as Network Operating Centre for maintenance of Campus Area Network.
2.4.3	Library as a Learning Resource:	 Effective and user friendly library operations. Library operations are partially computerized. Free Internet access is available for students only for limited period.
2.4.4	ICT as Learning Resources:	 The laptops and individual P-4 machines have been provided to teachers. Departments conduct workshops for teaching and non-teaching staff to enhance IT skills. A website is maintained.
2.4.5	Other Facilities:	 Four hostels with necessary facility. Large capacity Solar Water Heaters are provided to each hostel and Guest House. Wind Mill providing 4 KW energy. Development of Gandhi Center through private participation. Canteen, health centre and a small gymnasium are available.

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2.4.6	Best Practices in the development of Infrastructure and Learning Resources (If any):	 Thirteen departmental libraries as an additional facility. Internet connectivity. Residential school and day care centre facilities.
2.5 Si	tudent Support and Progression:	
2.5.1	Student Progression:	 Around 10% students progress to higher studies. Dropout rate is very low i.e. 1%. Placement services in some Science departments.
2.5.2	Student Support:	 Students are from different socio-economic background. Faculty members do students counseling. Facilities extended by funding agencies are passed on to students.
2.5.3	Student Activities:	 Students are encouraged to participate in Extracurricular/Sports & Cultural activities. Department level Alumni Associations are established.
2.5.4	Best Practices in Student Support and Progression (If any):	 Eklavya Training Centre to cater educational needs of tribal students.
2.6 G	overnance and Leadership:	
2.6.1	Institutional Vision and Leadership:	 Committed leadership with a zeal to impart quality education. Pro-active executive body with a defined plan for the growth of the institution. Participative academic management.
2.6.2	Organizational Arrangements:	 Frequent interaction with different committees. Good governing arrangement to ensure efficiency.

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		Effective internal coordination monitoring mechanism.
2.6.3	Strategy development and deployment:	 University follows academic calendar with the help of a committee.
		Affiliated institutions are monitored through local
		inspection committee.
		Participation of affiliated colleges in University
		development is visible.
2.6.4	Human Resource Management:	Optimum utilization of available talents.
		 Inadequacy is balanced by appointing contract teacher.
		Skills of existing staff updated periodically.
2.6.5	Financial Management and Resource	 University is financially sound.
	Mobilization:	Finances are mobilized through self-financed
		programmes.
		Funds for research are obtained through projects from
		funding agencies.
6.6	Best Practices in Governance and	Skill upgradation activities are undertaken.
	Leadership (If any):	Some examination reform introduced.
2.7 In	anovative Practices:	
2.7.1	Internal Quality Assurance System:	 IQAC is in place.
		 Continuous assessment of students.
		 Regular meetings of teaching staff with the
		Vice-Chancellor.
		Academic audit by BCUD.
2.7.2	Inclusive practices:	Awareness about facilities available for SC/ST and other socially backward class students is to be further strengthened. God by by the company of the
	Gender balance (30%) is maintained.	

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2.7.3 Stakeholder Relationships:	 Community-oriented programme for creating awareness regarding use of pesticides, conservation of water, etc. Maintenance of cordial relationship between University and affiliated college. Participation of Alumni members and parents in University development is not visible.
Section III: OVERALL ANALYSIS	Observations
3.2 I nstitutional Weaknesses:	 Effective leadership of the Vice-Chancellor. Eco-friendly campus. Conducive environment for teaching & learning. Availability of abundant land space for further growth. Well established procedures for recruitment. Limited Academic flexibility. Inadequate options in humanities and Social Science streams. Very few International Collaborations. Resource mobilization through paid consultancy is no visible.
3.3 I nstitutional Challenges:	 Involving of & rising to the expectations of the stakeholders. Resource mobilization through transfer of technology. Building up of strong corpus fund to ensure financing security. Strive to be visible at national or international levels.

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3.4 I nstitutional Opportunities:

- Introduction of programmes oriented to inclusion of deprived and the tribal population.
- Establishment of strong linkages with industry.
- Scope for introduction of agro-based programmes.
- Utilization of Alumni force for institutional development.

Section IV: Recommendations for Quality Enhancement of the Institution

- Choice Based Credit & Semester system may be introduced in all courses keeping in view the changing trends.
- Working hours of the Library be increased and more number of books and journals may be procured.
- ICT enabled teaching and learning be made integral part of the curriculum.
- Central Instrumentation Centre may be established.
- Budgetary allocation for Research & Library be enhanced.
- Need based add-on courses to be designed and offered.
- Spoken and written English & communication skills should be imparted to all.
- Inclusive practices for the SC/ST communities may be strengthened.
- Facility Centre may be established.

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- Financial assistance may be provided to research scholars who are not in receipt of any financial support.
- Research Coordination Committee may be strengthened at University level.
- Linkages with industry may be further strengthened.

I agree with the observations of the Peer Team as mentioned in this report.

Name & Signature of Head of the Institution VICE CHANCELLOK,

North Maharashtra University,

**OK42500	JALGAON 425001
Name	Signatures with date
1. Prof. Chandrakant Kokate Chairman	Cherry 7.1.2009
2. Prof Jacob John Kattakayam Member	7/1/2009
3. Prof. T.N. Mathur Member	For w. mateur.
4. Prof. S. Chandrashekhar Member	Chamereah 504,109
5. Dr. R.G. Sonkawade Member	Glorueaweide Hollog
6. Dr. M.S. Shyamsundar Deputy Adviser, NAAC	

Place: JALGAONI
Date: 7/1/2009